Vitamins in

Prenatal || Life

Vitamins are essential for the normal development of the embryo. Severe vitamin deficiencies during pregnancy, apart from their ill-effects on the mother, lead to death or malformation of the foetus. It is known from animal experiments that riboflavin is required in the later stages of bone development. Deformities which resemble human congenital malformations have also been observed following deficiencies of folic and pantothenic acids in the maternal diet. Although it is not possible to apply these results in detail to humans, adequate nutrition during pregnancy has long been considered to be of supreme importance.

Marmite is a useful source of every known factor of the vitamin B complex and is widely recommended to expectant mothers. Its appetising flavour ensures easy administration; it may be given as a drink made with boiling water or hot milk, or in sandwiches, or used in cooking.

MARMITE

y e a s t e x t r a c t contains RIBOFLAVIN (vitamin B₂) 1.5 mg. per oz. NIACIN (nicotinic acid) 16.5 mg. per oz.

MARMITE LIMITED, 35 SEETHING LANE, LONDON, E.C.3

ADC 5608

A new periodical starting in 1958

VITA HUMANA

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Edited by: H. THOMAE, Erlangen

From the Preface:

"The progress within the different fields of research on human development such as Anthropology, Psychology, Physiology, Pediatrics, Geriatrics, Medicine, Social Hygiene, Sociology, Criminology and humanities like Biography and History of Literature and Art is not represented today in a common journal. Whoever wants to get information on studies related to the facts of 'Vita Humana' has to look into at least eighty different journals.

On the other hand the need for an integration of knowledge within the sciences of human development is felt more and more. Due to the necessarily increasing specialisation of methods, problems and approaches, the danger is growing that an integration of different contributions to the study of human ontogenesis will become more and more difficult.

It seems to become more and more difficult to integrate the different approaches to the problem of human development within the different sciences and humanities. Therefore very frequently we get summaries of heterogene facts but not a real picture of the course of human life.

By publication of original papers the journal wants to promote at least to some extent the concentration of information into one periodical. For the same reason, it will give reviews on the progress in certain areas of research on human development, book reviews and summaries of articles published in other journals. Reports on current research projects as well as on conferences and workshops will give the research centres in different countries the chance of early contacts and of exchange of experiences in fields of common interest."

The journal will be published quarterly.

Subscription price, 66s. per year

S. KARGER, Basel, Switzerland

Agents for U.K.: Interscience Publishers Ltd., 88-90 Chancery Lane, W.C.2

For the medical treatment of hypertrophic pyloric stenosis

SKOPYL

BRAND OF METHYL SCOPOLAMINE NITRATE

a powerful antispasmodic without central depressant action

SKOPYL* is one of the most powerful spasmolytics known, the effect in vitro being five times greater than that of atropine, and ten times greater than that of scopolamine. The toxicity is three times that of scopolamine. Because of the greater activity the dose and the relative toxicity are correspondingly less.

SKOPYL has been in clinical use for about ten years. Comprehensive experience has shown the preparation to be especially valuable in all conditions where spasmolysis and inhibition of secretion is desirable. Side-effects are rare and usually very slight, even when large doses are used.

IT IS in paediatrics that SKOPYL is most useful, and the value of the preparation is best seen in the treatment of hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, where it has been proved able to replace surgery in many cases. Good results have also been obtained in infantile dyspepsia, and during the spasmodic period in pertussis.

For clinical references and directions for dosage, see a special booklet that will be sent on request.

SKOPYL is available in tablets of 0.5 mg. and 0.1 mg. (SKOPYL MITE), and in 0.25% w/v solution for sublingual use.



PHARMACIA Ltd. UPPSALA, SWEDEN

represented by

SAVORY & MOORE, LTD.

61 Welbeck Street, London, W.I