

## EDITORIAL COMMITTEE

J. Apley  
P. T. Bray  
W. M. Dennison  
C. E. Dent  
J. L. Henderson

Hugh Jolly  
G. M. Koubrower  
B. M. Laurance  
L. B. Strang  
R. B. Zachary

President of the British Paediatric Association

Editor, *British Medical Journal*

Appointed by the British Paediatric Association and the British Medical Association

## NOTICE TO CONTRIBUTORS

Papers for publication should be sent to the Editors, Archives of Disease in Childhood, B.M.A. House, Tavistock Square, London W.C.1. Submission of a paper will be held to imply that it contains original work which has not been previously published. Permission to republish must be obtained from the Editors.

Papers should in general conform to one of the following categories.

*Original communications.*

*Review articles.* These will generally be by invitation, but authors wishing to prepare a review article or to suggest a subject for review may communicate with the Editors.

*Shorter papers.*

Preliminary communications.  
Descriptions of new methods or apparatus.  
Case reports bringing to notice conditions of considerable rarity or interest.

Papers should be typewritten on copies in double spacing; alterations in proof apart from printers' errors are not permissible. Photographs and photomicrographs should be submitted unmounted. Drawings and diagrams should be drawn boldly in black ink on stout white paper; any necessary lettering may be lightly inserted in pencil.

One galley proof will be sent to the author submitting the paper; fifty reprints are supplied free; further reprints may be ordered when the proof is returned.

Current numbers of the *Archives of Disease in Childhood* should be consulted for information concerning standard abbreviations, etc. In reference to papers in the text the year of publication in parenthesis should follow the author's name. References at the end of the text should be in alphabetical order of authors' names, and titles

of journals should be abbreviated according to *World Medical Periodicals* (3rd ed. 1961, B.M.A.). Titles of articles should be included; if this is not done papers will be returned to their authors for completion. Book titles should be followed by the place of publication.

Failure to observe the above directions will lead to delay in publication.

## NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

Applications for advertising space and rates should be made to the Advertisement Manager, *Archives of Disease in Childhood*, B.M.A. House, Tavistock Square, London W.C.1.

## NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

The annual subscription rate is £4 4s. 0d. in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland, and £4 15s. 0d. in all countries overseas. The following are examples of equivalents to the sterling subscription rate:

Australia	£A5 18s. 9d.	Japan	Yen 4,775
Belgium	Fr. 662.00	Netherlands	G. 48.00
Canada	\$14.50	Norway	Kr. 95.25
Denmark	Kr. 92.25	South Africa	Rand. 9.50
France	NF. 65.25	Spain	Pta. 800.00
Germany	D.M. 53.50	Sweden	Kr. 68.75
India and Pakistan	R. 61.50	Switzerland	Fr. 57.50
Italy	L. 8,275	U.S.A.	\$13.50
		Venezuela	Bol. 60.00

Overseas subscriptions should be paid in sterling, i.e. £4 15s. 0d., and sent by Mail Transfer—*Charges Remitter*—through a Bank, payable to the British Medical Association. Orders can also be placed locally through any leading subscription agent or bookseller.

COPYRIGHT © 1964 by *Archives of Disease in Childhood*. All rights of reproduction are reserved in respect of all papers, articles, tables, illustrations, etc., published in this Journal in all countries of the world.

MURIEL M. MCLEAN (Prestatyn). 'Haemolytic Anaemia and Nephropathy Without Thrombocytopenia'. Ten cases of the haemolytic-uraemic syndrome, age range 6 weeks to 8 years, occurred between June and December, 1963. Nine presented within eight weeks. Gastro-intestinal symptoms were followed by pallor. Haemolytic anaemia with bizarre poikilocytosis and albuminuria was associated with slight to marked increases in the blood urea. Hypercholesterolaemia occurred in four, purpura was common but thrombocytopenia did not occur. Viral and epidemiological studies proved negative.

Treatment is discussed. Five recovered clinically, four have persistent albuminuria.

There was one death with necropsy findings of renal cortical necrosis. The possibility of a common aetiology in this group of cases is discussed.

W. HAMILTON (Glasgow), introduced by Professor J. H. Hutchison. 'An Appraisal of Adrenocortical Responsiveness to Corticotrophin'. A measure of adrenocortical reserve is obtained by estimating urinary steroid metabolites (17-hydroxycorticosteroids) before and after corticotrophin (ACTH) stimulation.

This paper presents the results of the test on children. Some had no endocrine disease. Others had endocrine disease not directly related to the adrenal cortex. A third group had adrenocortical dysfunction.

A critical assessment of these results will be made in the light of our experience in the management of the salt-losing type of congenital adrenal hyperplasia.

E. G. HALL (Liverpool), introduced by Dr. R. McL. TODD. 'Observations on Pasteurella Pseudotuberculosis Infection in Childhood'. Attention will be drawn to recent continental experience of cases of mesenteric adenitis due to infection by this organism, and to personal cases cited. The results of a year's serological survey to determine the incidence of this infection amongst routine hospital admissions will be presented and the clinical features of some two dozen cases outlined, with particular reference to atypical presentations. The histological lesions will be illustrated, and the value of gland and faeces culture in the isolation of the organism discussed. In view of its occasional simulation of malignancy, the benign nature of the infection will be stressed, and sources of infection touched upon.

C. J. HODSON (London). 'Chronic Pyelonephritis in Children'. Serial excretory pyelograms provide the only reliable means of determining whether chronic pyelonephritic scarring is occurring or increasing in children with urinary infection.

The paper is based on experience in this field over a period of 10 years. It outlines the unexpectedly high incidence of pyelonephritic scarring in the child population and illustrates how the early lesion can be detected, the course of the disease followed, and the effectiveness of any form of therapy checked.

The association of severe vesico-ureteric reflux with this condition is stressed once again.

WINDERMERE LECTURE. The lecture was delivered on April 16 by Professor A. Prader (Zurich). 'Studies on the Effect of Human Growth Hormone.'

EVENING DISCUSSION. A discussion on 'The Machinery of the B.P.A.' was held in the evening of Thursday, April 16. The following topics were opened by individual speakers, after the President had reviewed the growth of the way in which the business of the Association is conducted.

S. YUDKIN: 'Interchange, on matters of paediatric policy, between members and the Council. The possibility of developing some communication method between regional grouping and the Council.'

E. G. G. ROBERTS: 'Maintaining regional representation on the B.P.A. Council.'

G. A. NELGAN: 'The term of office of the President of the B.P.A.'

K. S. HOLT: 'The policy of the Association with regard to other societies, particularly new ones, that are concerned with some aspect of paediatrics.'

A free discussion followed but no decisions were taken except that the summaries of the opening speakers' remarks should be circulated to all members. Council was asked to consider the method by which Council members are elected.

The Ulster Cup competition was held at Ganton Golf Club on Friday, April 17, and was won by Dr. K. R. Keay.

The Annual Dinner was held on the evening of Friday, April 17, with the President, Sir Wilfrid Sheldon, in the Chair. Mr. George and Lady Cecilia Howard were present as guests of the Association. The James Spence Medal for 1964 was presented to Professor Lionel S. Penrose.

#### Editors' Note

The Editors of the *Archives of Disease in Childhood* are sure that present members of the British Paediatric Association and others will be interested in the accompanying photograph of the members who attended the second meeting of the Association 35 years ago. We are grateful to Dr. Donald Paterson, who was then the secretary of the Association, for the original photograph.